Greenhouse Effect

Learning goal: Learners can collect data and model the atmospheric greenhouse effect. The goal is to understand the impact different greenhouse gasses have on surface temperature.

Purpose: This is meant to be an activity learners can do in small groups. Learners will set up the experiment, make predictions, run an experiment, gather evidence, and make a claim.

Materials needed:

- 1. 1 bulb per group
- 2. 1 heat lamp with clamp per group
- 3. 1 ring stand per group
- 4. 2 thermometers per group
- 5. 2 stoppers with hole per group
- 6. 2 flasks per group
- 7. N₂O dispenser
- 8. CO₂
- 9. Graph paper

Procedure:

- 1. Place each thermometer in each rubber stopper.
- 2. Fill one flask with N₂O and quickly attach the stopper.
- 3. Attach the other stopper to the flask containing just air.
- 4. Place both flasks in front of the light and turn it on (start the stopwatch).
- 5. Every 5 minutes record the temperature in each flask.
- 6. When the temperature in both flasks is no longer increasing, turn the light off and continue recording the temperature every 5 minutes until the temperature in each flask no longer decreases.



Discussion:

This activity can be difficult to get working properly, however when students are done they should see that temperatures in each flask increase at a similar rate, but decrease at different rates after the lamps are turned off. This is a very important distinction for students to make, because greenhouse gasses are **NOT** impacted by incoming solar radiation. They are impacted by the outgoing infrared radiation (i.e., heat).

